TRIBUTE to LIBERTY.

OR,

NEW COLLECTION.

O F

PATRIOTIC SONGS;

ENTIRELY ORIGINAL,

TO WHICH ARE ADDED

THE MOST SELECT SONGS

Which have lately appeared in Public;

AND OTHER

MISCELLANEOUS PIECES:

together with

A Collection of Toasts and Sentiments.

SACRED TO

THE RIGHTS OF MAN.

Renown'd Britannia—
When Wealth enormous fees th' oppressor high,
When Bribes thy ductile Senators command,
And Slaves in office FREEMEN's RIGHTS withfland,
Then Mourn for then thy fate approacheth righ.

SCOT.

M DCC XCILL

voenserse sole

[Entered at Stationers Hall,]

und the report to disc

. TO THE PUBLIC,

the Flacemen and the ther for not the Tukes, the Enkes, the Estates, the Marquides, the Barons, the Knights.

THE "SWINISH MULTITUDE."

YE factions, feditious and discontented crew will you never believe that you are happy, when no more than a bare belief is requisite to make you fo?--Infatuated mortals | are your determined, like Lovegold, to " feel, feel, feel, and touch, touch, touch," before you will allow your happiness to be real? Dreadful obstinacy! how unacquainted are you with the wonder-working powers of imagination! - Can you not believe that your hunger, and thirst, are gratified, unless you eat and drink? Can you not believe that you are cloathed and warm, unless your are covered from the inclemency of the feafon? -O, what political. unbelief is this!-To what then must your wise legislators have recourse? they have bawled to you till their lungs are jaded; they have written to you till words are exausted, and ye still obstinately continue to be unhappy, What! will you not believe the King himself, and all the Royal Family ! nor believe the Prime-Minister, the Privy-Council, and all the Bishops! the Judges, Councillors, and Lawvers! the Borough mongers,

the Placemen and all the Pensioners! the Dukes. the Earls, the Marquisses, the Barons, the Knights; the Lords in Waiting --- of the Bedchamber --- of the Stole- -- and, of the Golden Stick! the Commanders by Sea and Land; the Commissioners and Officers of all the great Houses! the Magistrates and Justices, the Lord Mayor of London, the Archbishop of Canterbury, and Mrs. Jordan! the Duke of Brunswick, the Duke of Richmond, and all the Vestrymen and Parish Officers!!---Deluded multitude! here is a collection of the happiest creatures in the world, united together to persuade you that you are extremely happy, and yet you give no credit to what they may either fay or fwear ! O shocking stupidity ! they will then cure you of your Malady by a different; process; the tower shall be furnished with folid argument, a Military System of Animal Magnetism shall be adopted -- you shall be thrown into a Crifis, and kept there till you confess you are exceedingly happy !- Think, beforted creatures! how much money is now expending to perfuade you that you are happy! on Fortifications, on Proclamations, on Newspapers, at Taverns and Committees, as much as would liberate all the Infolvent Debtors in the four counties! Think, think, I fay, and be perfuaded you are happy, for you must pay all the Reckoning !. Again,

Again, how will you be able to resist the irrefutable logic of Musquetry and Artillery? or,
how will you be able to deny you are HAPPY,
when the sword is pointed to your breast? re
collect how successfully Mahomet argued this
way; and believe you are happy in this world,
lest they silence your murmurs by sending you
into the other, to search for hapiness! But,
alas! you are a banditti of incorrigible Heretics;
I know you will not believe you are happy, although the Holiest Man of Canterbury were to
declare it to you on his marrow-bones!

But let me, for a few moments, direct your attention to the great fource of all your happiness; to the most glorious and happy Constitution; Take a view of each well constructed system in each department of government; and you may be assonished at the scene thrown open before you! the whole is a Paradise of Delights!

Look into the STATE!—, Tis true it has its corruptions and defects, as poor Edmund fays, and you must peep at them with due caution—But, see you Liberties defended, your property protetered; by men of the most unfullied virtue. The great Treasury of the Nation, with is accumulated from your hard labour and industry, is entrusted to Integrity itself; and distributed with the most scrupulous exactness, on the pure principles.

ciples of the RIGHTS OF MAN. The most favourite Pensioner cannot finger a guinea till he has earnt it; nor has the most exalted man in office a shilling more then his merit entitles him to. What is £ 4000 per annum to one great man, for introducing another great man to kiss a third Great Man's Hand?—'tis cheap as dirt! Nay, it is worth half the money to see them at work!—in In time of war you pay double taxes and is it not necessary the expences of war should be defrayed?—in time of peace you also pay double taxes, to defray the expences of peace. Ye senseles ideots! these and such like things, constitute the chief glory of the State!!

Look again into the law; the scene still brightens before you!—Englishmen! you have the cheapest market for Justice in the whole universe, how happily adjusted are the laws between debtor and creditor! no unecessary delay attends the action; no anxiety of mind between the contending parties; no neglect of business; no extravagant expences; O what a glorious purchace of parchment and stamps do you make here! with what composure do you look forward from term to term! In the hands of mercy and justice, what can your fear! nothing in the sinal decision of the court to russele your spirits, or break the repose of your samily! like sat oysters ye are gently open-

opened and separated, that the happy stuff which lies between, may be applied to enrich the glorious Constitution

And now take a view of the Church! and fee the angelical life of the holy Priesthood; here is Paradise regained!-by divine Permission; here is Heaven itself let down upon earth! an assemblage of all the graces and virtues which dignify and adorn human nature—how equally proportioned is the hire to the labourer! no lazy Bishops, no finecure places, no dissipated Priests, no starving Curates_O no! no - Justice, temperance, truth and brotherly love, animate and prevade the whole: here is a scourge for the wickedness of men in high life, and consolation for the miseries of the poor--here is religion taught by the best masters with able assistants, on the most reasonable terms! a little entrance money only is required; marrying, christening, confirming, vifiting, and burying, almost for an old fong; and tythes exactly according to circumstances! --- Thrice happy and glorious Constitution!!! we are lost in the contemplation of thy manifold bleffings.

Hear then, ye "SWINISH MULTITUDE!" the Statesmen at Whitehall, the Judges on the Bench, all the Parish Officers in the Nation, their Dependents and Expectants proclaim aloud that ye are HAPPY! And who so competent to judge

of your happiness? Beware of that fatal error of judging for yourselves. What! think for your selves! O let me intreat, nay, let me infit upon it, that you never think of thinking for your selves; for the more you think, the more you will differ from these wife and happy men in your way of thinking: think also how many mild happy and glorious Constitutions have been ruined by men thinking for themselves! Let your betters, thereforethink for you ; because it stands to reason they must think best; and if the phantom should again feize your brain; and temptyou to conceive you are not happy, you must petition the happy Constitution to firmish you with some patent engines, pullies and screws, whereby you may at any time wind up your imagination to their pitch, dance to their music, and be as happy as themselves.

Crede quod habes, et habet,

faid Erasmus; with this word of advice I take my: leave; without flattering you, courting your patronage, or saying a single word about the merit of the Songs.

ast a alvaria Mi

R. THOMPSON.



ATRIBUTE, &c.

A NEW SONG,

To an old Tune, -viz. "God fave the king."

GOD fave — "THE RIGHTS OF MAN!

Give him a heart to fcan

Bleffings fo dear!

Let them be foread around,

Wherever Man is found,

And with the welcome found

Ravish his ear!

See, from the universe
Darkness and clouds disperse;
Mankind awake!
Reason and Truth appear,
Freedom advances near,
Monarchs with terror hear—.
See how they quake!

Sore have we felt the stroke; Long have we bore the yoke; Sluggish and tame; But now the Lion Roars,
And a loud note he pours;
Spreading to distant shores,
LIBERTY's flame!

Let us with FRANCE agree,
And bid the world BE FREE,

Leading the way.

Let tyrants all conspire,

Fearless of sword and fire,

FREEDOM shall ne er retire,

FREEDOM shall sway.

Crowns us with loud applause,
And from tyrannic laws,
Bids us—ALL HAILL

O'er the Germanic pow'rs,

Big indignation low'rs,

Ready to fall!

Let the rude favage host,

In their long numbers boast,

FREEDOM's allmighty trust,

Laughs at them all,

^{*} This long was composed before the Duke of Brunswick ran away.

FAME! Let thy Trumpet Sound,

Tell all the World around,

Tell each degree:

Tell Ribbands, Crowns and Stars, Kings, Traitors, Troops and Wars, Plans, Councils, Plots and Jars, FRENCHMEN are FREE.

God fave—"THE RIGHTS OF MAN!"

Give him a heart to fcan

Bleffings fo dear!

Let them be spread around,

Wherever Man is found,

And with the welcome found,

Ravish his ear.

SONG.

BURKE'S ADDRESS,
THE "SWINISH MULTITUDE.

Now the church an

Tune " Derry down, down," &c.

Y E vile swinish herd, in the sty of taxation,
What would you be after—disturbing the nation,
Give over your grunting—be off—to your sty!
Nor dare to look out, if a king passes by:
Get ye down! down!—down! keep ye down.

Do you know what a king is? By Patrick, I'll tell you; He has power in his pocket, to buy you and fell you; To make you all foldiers, or keep you at work; To hang you, and cure you for ham or falt pork!

Get you down! &c.

Do you think that a King is no more than a man? Ye brutish, ye swinish, irrational clan?

I swear by his office, his right is div ine,

To slog you, and feed you, and treat you like swine!

Get ye down! &c.

To be fure, I have faid—but I spoke it abrupt—
That "the state is defective, and also corrupt;
Yet remember I told you with caution to peep,
For fwine at a distance we prudently keep——
Get ye down! &c.

Now the church and the flate to keep each other warm, Are married together. And where is the harm? How healthy and wealthy are husband and wife! But swine are excluded the congugal life———

Get ye down! &c.

The flate, it is true, has grown fat upon swine,
And church's weak stomach on TYTH-Pic can dine;
But neither, you know, as they roaft at the fire,
Have a right to find fault with the cooks, or enquire.

Get ye down! &c.

"What use do we make of your money?"—you say; Why, the first law of Nature:—We take our own pay—And next on our friends a sew pensions bestow—And to you we apply when our treasure runs low.

Get ye down! &c.

Consider our boroughs, ye grumbling swinz!
At corruption and taxes, they never repine:
If we only proclaim "YE ARE HAPPY!"—They say,
"We ARE happy!"—Believe, and be happy as they!
Get ye down! &c.

What know ye of commons, of kings, or of LORDS,
But what the dim light of TAXATION affords?
Be contented with that—and no more of your rout;
Or a new proclamation shall muzzle your snout!
Get ye down! &c.

And now for the SUN—or the LIGHT OF THE DAY;
"IT doth not belong to a PITT," you will fay——
I tell you be filent, and hush all your jars;
Or he'll charge you farthing a piece for the stars.

Get ye down! &c.

Here's MYSELF, and his darkness and Harry Dund-ass; Scotch, English, and Irish, with fronts made of brass—A cord plaited three-fold will stand a good pull, Against Sawney and Patrick, and old Johnny Bull!!! Get ye down! &c. To conclude, then no more about MAN and his RIGHT'S

Tom PAINE, and a rabble of Liberty lights;

That you are but our "Swine," if ye ever forget,

We'll throw you alive to the HORRIBLE PIT!

Get ye down!—down! keep ye down!

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SONG.

[PART SECOND.]

THE "SWINISH MULTITUDE'S" REPLY

TO

BURKE's ADDRESS

A POSTATE! give over your eloquence, pray!

No more on the subject of Monarchy say:

Exalted in office, and fed by the Swine—

If we should desert you, you'll catch a decline.

Tumble down! down! down—come ye down!

But we cannot well brook to be called the swine,

Let man have his rights, and the epithet's thine;

Apostate thou art,—and allur'd by the hire,

Return'd like the sow that was wash'd—to the mire.

Tumble down! &c.

Our thanks we return—you may think it a joke,

For the bleffed enquiry your writings provoke;

We thank you for thwarting your own bad defign;

The bacon and pork are restor'd to the swine.

Tumble down! &c.

No longer like affes we tamely submit,

And tremble like fiends at the mouth of a Pit:

You are but our servants, our delegate powers,

If we speak but the word, you must fade and like flow'rs

Tumble down! &c.

Too long, it is true, we resembled the swine.

And stood in the market all passive as kine,
But no longer the grunting of swine shall ye hear,
The voice of the Lion now pierces your ear.

Tumble down! &c.

Apostate beware! and with caution advance,
The ground you are treading is fertile as France;
If you once overheat and inflame the Old Bull,
He'll toss the rich dogs from their soft packs of wool.
Tumble down! &c.

No longer, oppressor, insult the oppress;
Our greviances may and they shall be redress;
In the fable your picture—behold in that glass—
"The Lion was rous'd by the heel of an ass!"
Tumble down! &c.

If the best Constitution that ever was known;

And the best of all monarchs is now on the throne;

If his peers and his statesmen, and laws, are the best,

They can be no worse—to be brought to the test.

Tumble down! &c.

No longer, thou fophist, attempt to deceive,
To plunder, and blind us, and laugh in your sleeve;
Apostate, thy payment, for pimping—depends
On those you're insulting—and with them it ends.
Tumble down! &c.

The faults of the people you freely make known, Whilst a mantle of charity covers the throne; But in France 'tis a doctrine the people know well, That kings are as apt as the mob, to rebel—

And come down! &c.

Proclamations we dread not—but rather desire;
They fay to the sleepers—"Arise and Enquire!"
For the good of the nation no more do we seek.
Than a new proclamation at least once a week.
Tumble down! &c.

The pow'r of enquiry no despot can blind,

For millions already have fredom of mind:

Let Reason be heard, and let Reason go round.

And soon on the globe not a tyrant is found.

Tumbled down! down! down! tumble down!

SCOTCH NICK.

OR,

OLD HARRY'S PLAIN CONFESSION.

Tune, "Vauxball Watch."

FAREWELL to Scotland's barren ground;
A better country I have found,
Where wealthy customers abound,

For "Wha wants me?"

Was ever fuch a lucky Scot!
So finug a birth—So rich a lot!
I'll fell the good things I have got,
Crying "Wha wants me?"

No guilty thoughts disturb my mind, I lest my conscience safe behind! And all my happiness I find

In "Wha Wants me?"

You envious Scotchmen all, behold! You say I have my country fold; Then see what heaps of shining gold,

For "Wha wants me?

The Test Ast might have been repealed,
And all your wide divisions heal'd,
Had you but PROPERLY appeal'd

To "Wha wants me?"

To any measure I'll agree,

Let Tyrants rule, or men be free;

Let this my happy freedom be,

Crying, "Wha wants me?"

If Paine were chose to rule the land,
And he should take me by the hand;
I would submit to HIS command,
Crying, "Wha wants me;

Then once for all, I let you know,
Let kings or people rule below;
If I'm in Office, round I'll go,
Crying, "Wha wants me?"

SONG

Tune, "Sweet Willy O!"

THE pride of the nation is Sweet Willy O!

The pride of the nation is Sweet Willy O!

The people around

His virtues resound,

So great is the same of the Sweet Willy O!

He would be a statesman, the DEEP Billy Of
He would be a statesman, the DEEP Billy Of
From our low abyss
To raise us to bliss,
Was all the ambition of Sweet Willy O!

The king is delighted with Sweet Willy O!

The king is delighted with Sweet Willy O!

His WISHES to Crown

He taxes us down,

G. R. is before us where ever we go!

The POOR are enraptured with DEAR Billy O!

The POOR are enraptured with DEAR Billy O!

If taxes are high,

And burthen'd they cry

They find their relief in the PIT---Billy O!

How free are the stars, O the kind Billy O!
Yet how tempting the fight to a Pir-Billy O!
Tho' great the amount,
He takes no account,
Because computation would puzzle him so.

The Sun is shut up in the Pit---Billy O!

The ruler of a day in a Pit---Billy O!!!

To buy LIGHT and AIR,

To the Pit we repair,

Our blessings are all in the Pit---Willy O!

Longlife, light and health to the Sweet Billy O'!

Thy foes let a darkness surround, Billy O!

How should we get bread,

If Willy was dead!

Taxation would fall in thy PIT—Billy O!

To fee him interr'd in the Pit—Willy O!

To fee him interr'd in the Pit—Willy O!

How would our thoughts run

Upon the free sun!

When darkness encloses the Pit Billy O!

The staircase as dark as the Pit, Willy O!
Where scarce the right step we can hit Billy O!
Once more the broad day
Would clearly display,
And chase thy black relic away, Billy O!

An end to our darkness and Pit, Billy O!

Our sun will arise when you set, Billy O!

The houses long BLIND

Their BYES would soon find,

And shed a SWEET tear on thy Pit, Billy O!

The rate of a day in a 211. Dilly Off

Out bleffogs are all in the Pres-Willy O

data Pir ne regin

In vair all the Crawin on On people corabine.

The whole barren received whether the line,

FRENCH LIBERTY.

Tune, "In the Garb of Old Gaul.

WHEN first the great Senate of Frenchmen agreed,
From Corruption and Bondage—to die or be freed,
By troops all furrounded—defenceles—unarm'd,
Compos'd and collected, they fat unalarm'd!

Wished to ave CHORUS.

Such was their love of Liberty, their ardour to be free, And with the Gallic Heroes let furrounding pow'rs agree.

The tidings roll

From pole to pole,

Till Freedom crowns the day,

And round the Globe to all the race,

Her banners display.—

Undaunted and firm as the Confuls of Rome,
Unappall'd in their Councils-before them their doom,
"We'll die or be free!"—to the People they cry!
"We'll die or be free!"—Hark the People reply!
Such was their love of Liberty, &c.

Majestic they rose in a warlike array,
And drove from their stations the tyrants away;
The HEADS of the nation, confounded to see—
Surrender'd, and glad to surrender or slee.
Such was their love of Liberty, &c.

In vain all the Crowns gainst the people combine, The whole human race are now forming the line, While Frenchmen the first in the field lead the way, And call to the nations around-" Come away!"

Such is their love of Liberty, &c.

In battle triumphant fee Freedom appear! Over heaps of the dead-rushing on with the spear! Inspir'd with ambition a country to save, Aud give the invaders a part for their grave.

Such is their love of Liberty, &c.

Exulting the news! let the trumpet of Fame, Aloud to the Slave, and the Despot proclaim; They boafted to flaughter, to waift, and reduce: But foon GALLIC POWER made them fue for a truce.

Such was their love of Liberty, &c.

Unshaken and firm — let the Despots unite, Let Statesmen and Placemen get hirelings to write: While armies from conquest to conquest pursue, THE CAUSE OF THE PEOPLE shall flourish anew! Such is their love of Liberty, &c.

Great Heroes of Freedom, when ages are gone, When Kingsare forgotten, and Tyrants unknown, Your fame shall be echo'd from shore unto shore. Till Nations, and People, and Time are no more! endensity enorgeneed

Such is our love of liberty, our ardour to be free, And with the Gallic heroes let furrounding pow'rs agree;

The tidings roll

From pole to pole,

Till Freedom crowns the day;

And round the Globe, to all the race.

Her Banners display——

SONG.

BURKE'S LAMENTATION, YOU THE LOST AGE OF CHIVALRY.

THE KEY.

"SURELY (he fays, speaking of the last Queen of France) never lighted on this orb, which fhe hardly seemed to touch, a more delightful vision! I saw her, just above the horison, decorating and chearing the elevated sphere she just began to move in—glittering like the morning star! full of life and splendour and joy. Ithought ten thousand swords must have leaped from their scabbards to avenge (What?) even a look that threatened her with insult!!!—But the Age of Chi-valry is gone!—The glory of Europe is extinguished for ever!!!

SURELY, Reader, if you possess but one grain of common sense, you will say, that either this passage is not quoted from Burke's celebrated desence of Royalty, or that the author took leave of his senses when he wrote it.--I have look'd into his book three times, that I might not mistake, and I am willing tomake affidavit before our sovereign lord the king, that you may find it in page 112.

PLAINTIVE.

I SAW, but O, I surely dream'd!
A vision drop from heaven (it seem'd);
The world a brighter lustre wore,
Than ever Man beheld before.

Philosophers could not declare
Which power did most attraction share;
If to the vision, earth arose,
Or she descended—no one knows.

I faw the angel skip around,
Her heavenly feet scarce touch'd the ground;
She lighted on a splendid throne,
The glory then of Europe shone,

Ten thousand Dons and Cavaliers,
Around her stood with swords and spears,
To be her slaves was all they sought,
This was the grace of life unbought."

Methought--O! how my brains must reel! Ten thousand swords of magic steel, Would leap their scabbards to chastise Those, who had not elastic eyes!

But, O! how Time's revolving glass
Brings unexpected things to pass!
The Queen is driven from her throne,
The Age of Chivalry is gone!

Where are the Quixotes now, and where The Sanchos, to defend the fair?—
The Dulcinea's left to moan,
The Age of Chivalry is gone!

Fly, Quixote, thro' the air, like wind, And Sancho, too, get up behind !---Alas! no Sancho here, nor Don, The Age of Chivalry is gone!

O peerless Queen! thou are berest Of All thy friends, and with me lest? With worrul faces thus we groan, The Age of Chivalry is gone!

Enchanters! O restore the Kinghts, That can so well affert her rights! Alas! Enchanters are unknown! The Age of Chivalry is gone! Ten thousand swords, why do ye sleep? Your drowsy scabbards quickly leap; The crew with insult all look on; The Age of Chivalry is gone!

Come Kingly butchers, then, advance,; And desolate the plains of France; Alas! ye move but slowly on! The Age of Chivalry is gone!

Then bring my Rosinante, that I My prowess in the field may try; It would reward my toil and pain, Could I restore the AGE again.

But, ah!--- No more--- I will not go, REASON appears my potent foe 'Tis REASON keeps her from the throne, The Age of Chivalry is gone!

SONG.

Tune, " Ye Gods ye gave to me a Wife:

Our fathers left a race of Kings,
And we were glad to find them;
O how we lov'd the pretty things!
And laugh'd and ran behind them.

We laid our necks beneath their feet,
So humble and fo lowly;
And they rode over as was meet;
Still pleas'd to fee our folly.

But warmly now our hearts incline,
To rule the land without them;
The mouldy Parchments we refign,
And from the globe we'll rout' em.

SONG.

Tune, " Chevy Chace."

HEY prosper best who have no king
To rob them and enthrall;
Then let out acclamations ring,
At ev'ry tyrant's fall,

And statesmen from their throne,
And statesmen from their place,
A woeful fighting is begun,
Among the human race.

Now Edmund Burke, a rueful knight.

(Whose tender heart did ache,
To see the people gain their RIGHT)

A solemn vow did make,

That paper---pens---and eke ink-horn,
Should put them to the rout;
The child shall bless that is un--born,
The writings he sent out.

Were strong to melt the ear:
And metaphoric speech he had
To make his subject clear.

With LOYALTY his bosom glow'd,
And as he lov'd the gold;
A little pension was bestow'd,
To make him fight more bold.

The rules of errantry he knew,
And did to France prepair;
To bid his peerless Queen, adieu t
And thus address'd the fair:

"Delightful vision! it is meet,

"Thy bleffing ere I go!

"I'll soon return, and at thy feet,

"Lay all my conquests low."

She smil'd---When turning quickly round,
He vanish'd fom her sight;
And like a hero took his ground,
All ready for the fight.

^{*} That is, for the Enquiry they have provoked.

These tidings came to Thomas Paine,

A man of courage bold;

Who could the "Rights of Man" explain,

And king-craft too unfold.

With heart and head both found and clear,
The cause he undertook;
And now in battle both appear,
And Book appears to Book,

Loud vaunted Edmund in the field,
Like Quixote monst the sheep;
Who thought with such a sword and shield,
To end them at a sweep.

The valour of Sir Knight was great,

For in his rear we find;

To cover, if he should retreat,

To cover, if he should retreat, Were but a rew inclin'd.

While Paine, (the foe of kings) appears Majestic on the plain;

The shout of ALL THE WORLD he hears,
And sees them in his train!

With courage did the Knight advance,
Discerning not his foe;
He shalleng'd all the Knights of France

He challeng'd all the Knights of France, And aim'd a dreadful blow! He gave them warning to retreat.

And wonder'd at their stay:

He little thought so soon to meet,

Obstruction in his way!

A thousand paces back he ran,
At fight of warlike PAINE;
And soon were seen THE RIGHTS OF MAN,
Triumphant on the plain?

Base-born plebeian, said the Knight;
As he retir'd with speed;
It is not lawful we should fight,
With men of vulgar breed.

So faying, and all out of breath,

Quick out of fight he steals:

And thought each moment cruel death,

Would seize his heavy heels.

These tidings came to George our king,
In Windsor where he lay—
What! what! what news, news! do ye bring,
Has Edmund lost the day?

O heavy, heavy news, he faid!

England can witness be,

There's none can give a Monarch aid,

Of such account as he.

The Courts in black may all be hung,
If they purfue the fight;
Our passing bell will soon be rung,
If men obtain their right;

The victory was foon PROCLAIM'D,
And eke the Monarch's dread;
Forbidding books all left UNNAM'D,
E'en to be fold or read.

At which the Presses aiming well,
Full charg'd they all let fly;
Enough were found the books to fell,
Enough the books to buy.

And now the people all rejoice,
Such tidings heard they never;
They cry aloud with chearful voice,
THE RIGITS OF MAN FOR EVER!!!

PAINE'S WELCOME

T.O

GREAT-BRITIAN.

Tune, "He comes, he cames."

HE comes—the GREAT REFORMER comes,
Cease, cease your trumpets cease, cease your drums;
Those warlike sounds offend the ear,
PEACE and FRIENDSHIP now appear,
Welcome, welcome, welcome,
Welcome, Thou REFORMER here.

Prepare, prepare, your songs prepare,
Freedom chears the brow of care;
The joyful tidings, spread around,
Monarchs tremble at the sound!
Freedom, freedom, freedom,
RIGHTS OF MAN, and PAINE, resound.

SONG

Tune, "Highland Laddie,"

PROUD Monarchs rais'd to wear a crown,

Forget the rower by which they hold it;

They tread the passive subject down,

And thirst for vengeance when they're told it.

CHORUS.

But, no more with blind submission—
We'll read then o're a new commission:
The People's voice
Shall be their choice,
And tread beneath their sect—oppression.

And men forget that kings of old,

Depending on their free election,

Durst at their peril be so bold,

To rule but as they had direction.

But, no more, &c.

Or, if the king, a sor betrays,
Or, if humane his disposition;
Some minister assumes and sways,
And robs to feed his own ambition.
But, no more, &c.

Thus kings and ministers succeed,

In either still the tyrant reigning;

They suck the poor, and as they feed,

Forbid the sufferer's complaining.

CHORUS.

But no more with blind fubmission—
We'll read them o'er a new commission;
The people's voice
Shall be their choice,
And tread beneath their feet—oppression.

SONG.

WHITEHALL ALARMED!

AND

A COUNCIL CALLED!

Tune, Come let us prepare," &c.

COME let us prepare,
We statesmen that are,
Assembled on this dread occasion;
Let the engines of state,
Before tis too late,
Repel the surrounding invasion!

While people were fools,

We made them our tools,

Our VIRTUE was never suspected,

But now they arise,

And open their eyes!

And all our designs are detected.

Tis not the mere crew,
We have to subdue,
Nor armies nor fleets can affist us:
Tis Reason alone,
Besieges the throne,
AndReason is strong to resist us.

Nor can we by force,
Now alter the course,
ENQUIRY and reason are taking;
By land and at sea,
They cry, TO BE FREE!
The POWERS of the world are shaking.

How proudly in France,
Doth Reason advance,
All nations behold it with wonder
The state and the church
Are lest in the LURCE,
And the partnership broken asunder.

Then while we deplore
Their traffic no more!
The priefts and their shops all forsaken,
Lest our holy ware,
A like fate should share,
Let speedy precautions be taken.

The boroughs in vain

Endeavour'd to gain,

E'en thanks to the king for his kindness,

The people too wise,

Saw through the disguise,

And call'd it Correction and Betterness.

No thanks could be due,
The people well knew,
To be told they were HAPPY, if not fo;
For quickly they found,
In CHAINS they were bound,
And also could see how they got so.

Then what now remains,
To lock them in chains,
And lead them on tamely in fetters,
How great is the loss!
Its almost a toss
Wether they'll submit to their betters.

To darken the mind,
Let the Press be confin'd,
A LAW against reading and speaking;
Such bondage might pass,
Among the low class,
And let it be call'd their own seeking.

And next, to secure
Their LOYALTY sure,
Let THINKING, be deemed high treason;
For still, after all,
Our system must fall,
Unless we are LORDS of their REASON.

SONG

Mow on Wolf

FRANCE'S LAMENTATION,
On the APPROACH of the DUKE of BRUNSWICK

Tune, " Malbrouk,"

The splewisd hingh sea

BREAK out in lamentation,
O Frenchmen, for your nation,
A dreadful devaltation,
Is now upon the road;
Alas, we may deplore,
Our Freedom foon no more!

The mighty combination,
Begins the defolation,
A frightful declaration,

The DUKE has fent abroad.

He'll from his presence spurn us,
Or unto Louis turn us,
Or else he'll cut and burn us,

If we refuse his sway;
O how we quake with fear!
The duke approaches near!!!
He thunders and he slasses!
Our castles down he dashes!
And lays our towns in ashes!
As they obstruct his way.

Now on full march to Paris, O how report doth fcare us! They fay he will not spare us,

Nor age, nor fex, nor fize;
A foe fo strong, so nigh,
We cannot fight nor fly,
Alas we need not strive---O!
We never can survive---O!
They'll eat us up alive---O!
Or make us into pies.

Still nearer see him bearing!
His very lodgings airing,
The cooks are all preparing,
The splendid kingly feasts---

Lo, now they feize the glass, distant all "Vive le roi," they pass! The queen no more deploring-The court again restoring-The people running roaring, Are hunted down like beafts!

Did not report almost fay as much? did not tyrants defire it? and did not the ignorant dread it.

[PART SECOND]

DUKE BOBADIL'S RETREAT,

WHAT meant our consternation Twas all imagination, Twas for his recreation, The duke came into France: He thought we were a-fleep, And took a harmlels peep, But when he faw our forces, Our cannon, foot and horses, Onr stores and wide resources, He trembled to advance.

THIONVILLE he furrounded. But how was he confounded. And his proud feelings wounded. The wooden horse to feet D 2.

CHORUS.

Hark! the trumpet of Fame bids you roule and oppole
The tyrants uniting,

While Frenchmen are fighting,

And Freedom inviting --- to conquer your fees.

Shall men as the HEADS of the nation prefide,
Who cannot the TEST OF ENQUIRY ABINE?
Let them boast of their vitues and plead for the state,
So selons remonstrate, in view of their fate.

Hark the trumpet of Fame, &c,

They flatter and fawn, and their friendship express, To blind, while they plunder, and roll in excess; And a pension bostow for the PRAISES of those, Who would, if not BRIB'D their CORRUPTION expose,

Hark the trumpet of Fame, &c.

While Apostates and Tanants so boldly agree, Let the powers of our reason, enlighten'd and free, Unappall'd at their frowns—with the object in view, Thro' all its dark turnings, oppression pursue.

CHORUS.

Hark the trumpet of Fame bids you rouse and oppose,

The tyrants uniting,

While Frenchmen are fighting;

And Freedom inviting --- to conquer your foes,

SONG.

condon the Mala Inch.

THE RIGHTS OF MAN,

BY HIS LORDSHIP.

THE Rights of Man I will maintain,
Upon the old foundation;
And those who venture to complain,
Shall hear a proclamation.

Li CHORUS.

For kings and lords, the Rights of Man, Were first of all intended;
And since the reign of kings began,
The Rights of Man are ended.

Yow take me right, as we proceed,
'Tis needful I should mention,
I am a son of noble breed,
And hold a little pension.

1,

The For kings and lords, &c.

Kings have a right divine to be
Your Lords, and Gods, and Masters;
And commons, peers, and priests agree,
To laugh at your disasters.

For kings and lords, &c.

You have a right to all the toil,

And while it ne'er relaxes,

We eat the dainties of the foil,

And feed you well with taxes.

For kings and lords, &c.

You have a right to chain your tongue,
When fore you feel oppression;
Nor check, nor call our measures wrong,
So wide is our commission,

For kings and lords, &c.

You have a right to live and breathe,

And answer your creation;

But mark—your fathers did bequeath,

To us—to rule the nation.

For kings and lords, &c.

You have a right to wear your rags,
And pay your debts in limbo,
While we, like Judas, keep your bags,
And boldly after him go.

For kings and lords, &c.

In fine, the nation is our own;
And let me further tell you,
The powerful right is in the throne,
By which we buy and fell you.

For kings and fords, the rights of man, Were first of all intended;
And since the reign of kings began,
The rights of man are ended.

SONG:

WHA DOES THIS BONNET FIT?

Tune, " Jolly Miller,"

A WICKED Scotchman now refides,
Just by the treasury;
He steals and cheats from morn to night,
No thief more glad than he.

CHORUS.

This is the burthen of his fong,
Where-ever he may be;
I care for nobody right or wrong,
And nobody cares for me.

His fingers had the dreadful itch,
Which made him cross the Tweed,
To find a cure among the rich,
And having made great speed,
This is the burthen, &c.

His conscience made of temper'd steel,

His face of solid brass;

Remorfe nor shame he ne'er did seel,

Since he in office was

This is the burthen, &c.

Yet one sad thought his bosom heaves,
And yeilds a smarting pain,
That, should the state be purg'd from THIEVES,
He loses all again!

CHROUS.

Still this the burhten of his fong,...
Where-ever he may be;
I care for nobody, right or wrong,
And nobody cares for me,

THE

ENQUIRER AND HIS ECHO.

san tol make thousands

A DIALOGUE.

SAY Echo, how shall we diffuse the light,
And teach unthinking men to claim their right?

Echo—WRITE.

But if we should their enemies expose,
Will not a Proclamation soon oppose?

Echo——Oppose

Perhaps, they would remove the nation's woe,

If they our numerous grievances did know,

Echo—No.

Why do they then, profess to be our friends,
The bulwark which our LIBERTY defends?

Echo—FIENDS.

They say we may with confidence rely.

On them, a never-failing firm ally.

Echo-ALIE!

What are their motives, Echo, then fay plain, So eager each appears a feat to gain:

Echo——Gain.

But why does not the monarch intercede

Against such men______to ruin us agreed?

Echo.—Green!

Where then his virtuous ministry I wonder?
What say the princes to the nation's blunder?
Echo—Plunder!

And where the gownsmen then with holy faces,

Can they not act by virtue of their places?

Echo—Places!

Alas! sad Echo, I shall cease to name, Such overgrown corruption you proclaim.

Echo-CLAI M

But claim from whom, and what shall we regain?
The nation's doom'd to tyranny and pain.

Echo—PAINE!!

What, Echo, do you recommend indeed,
A man of fuch feditious, wicked breed?

Echo——READ!

But who made TRUTH a LIBEL? or the leaves

Condemns, which but affert, that Thieves are Thieves

Echo——THIEVES!

To what then must the people have recourse,

To gain reform, what arguments enforce?

Echo____Force.

Echo, farewell—and let all tyrants know it,

A change is near, and they must undergo it.

Echo——Go IT!!

Triber divine original and maken to the deep ?

SONGS

Sentiments of a red bot ARISTOCRAT.

Tune, "God fave the king,"

LONG live our gracious king,
To him your treasure bring,
Gen' rous and free!
His feelings are so tough,
You ne'er can give enough;
Why keep ye back the stuff?
Rebels ye be.

See, on the guineas fair,

His graceful picture there,

Which, as you view,

Worship---and let them be

Sent to his treasury;

Send them to him, that he

May worship too!

You have a house and bed,
And you are cloath'd and fed,
Temp'rate and bare;
Still let it be your aim,
Pride and excess to tame,
For your kind master's claim,
All your can spare.

E.

Great George our King we own,
Each on his marrow-bone,
Englishmen true:
He shall ride over us!
Happy and glorious,
Freedom! victorious
Frenchmen ne'er knew.

Chear up each mournful face,
See what a hopeful race,
Now all alive!
O how it fwells the fong!
Princes fo young and strong,
Might draw a dray along,
Ready to drive.

Long live our NOBLE king,
To him your guineas bring,
Gen'rous and free!
Let it our hearts elate,
Still to support the great-Proud of our low estate
Still let us be!

weed hed it sold it?

SONG.

Kings a great Blessing to a Nation.

Soon as a monarch mounts the throne,
His usefulness is clearly known,
As thousands can declare;
The kingly trade he undertakes,
And many a little monarch makes,
The government to share.

And now in all the toils of state.

He THINKS and LABOURS---early ----late;

And with an ANXIOUS mind!

He presses on from care to care,

The people's burthens HEAVY bear,

Upon his GRACIOUS mind!

He leaves the diffipated crew,
Routs, feafts, and sporting to pursue--The sollies of the day:
Far greater thoughts his heart engage,
Than concerts--hunting---or the stage;
As wise Duguet doth say,

The law HE next furveys, and sees,
That acts and deeds, and suits and sees,
May not the poor oppress;
Hence, Judges so urright we see,
And Juries, Hontst, wise and FREE;
Their purest thoughts express.

Anon the church his care demands,
The holy troop with gowns and bands,
He suffers none for HIRE!
To feed and guide the poor and blind,
To raise and cultivate the mind,
Of each he doth require.

Thus kings are rais'd to BLESS the land,
And Church and State go hand in hand,
The BLESSING to ensure;
Upon our backs, the JUNTO rides;
So soft they sit upon our hides,
'Tis PLEASANT to endure!

SONG.

Tune, Dusky Night."

No lorger loft in shades of night,
Where late in chains we lay!
The sun arises, and his light
Dispels our gloom away.

CHORUS. The Tart well of

And demanding Freedom alk,
While kings combine,
We boldly join,
Nor cease till tyrants fall.

No longer blind, and proud to lye.

In flavery profound;

But for redrefs aloud we cry!

And tyrants hear the found.

Demanding Freedom all, &c.

The pomp of courts no more engage;
The magic spell is broke;
We hail the bright reforming age!
And cast away the yoke.
Demanding Freedom all, &c.

Our substance and our blood no more.
So tamely shall we yield;
Nor quit like slaves our native shore,
To deck the Monster's field.
But demanding Freedom all, &c.

The rotten lumber of the land,
The courtly pension'd train;
Shall hear their fentence and disband,
As we our rights regain.
Thus demanding Freedom all, &c.

The mitred villain as he rolls,

In luxury and lust,
He blinds and robs the filly souls.

Committed to his trust.

But demanding Freedom all, &c.

Amus'd no more with empty lies,
Of BLISS we never knew;
The traitors drop the flate disguise,
And closely we pursue.

CHORUS.

Demanding freedom all!

While kings combine,

We boldly join,

Nor cease till tyrants fall.

SONG

LONDON CORRESPONDING SOCIETY.

Tune, " See your Country righted"

A SSEMBLED in our Country's Cause,
Hail the happy season;
We fear no frowns---nor court applause,
Pursuing truth and reason,

CHORUS.

Boldly all with heart and hand,
Meet we here united,
By each other firmly stand,
To see our Country righted.

Long beneath the rod we lay,

Plunder'd and contented;

But no more shall tyrants sway,

Our wrongs shall be resented.

Boldly all with heart, &c.

See the rich and sumptuous board!

Harpies all surrounding,
Seize our wealth to swell the hoard,
In luxury abounding.

Boldly all with heart, &c.

Shall we tamely yet refign,
Our purse to these Collectors?
And hail them with a RIGHT DIVINE!
Away with such protectors.
Boldly then with heart, &c.

Fearless of their lawless pow'r,

Empty sons of thunder;

Let them bluster out their hour,

They shall soon knock under.

Boldly all with heart, &c.

Brave the dangers that furround,

Bid them all defiance;

Truth eternal is our ground,

THE PEOPLE our alliance.

Boldly then with heart, &c.

See our numbers how they grow!

Crowding and dividing*;

Eager all their Rights to know,

Reason still presiding.

Boldly all with heart, &c.

Kings and priests dissemble,
War and still they love to see,
Union makes them tremble.

CHORUS.

Boldly all with heart and hand,

Meet we here united,

By each other firmly fland,

To fee our Country righted.

Alluding to the affiliated divisions which file off every night of meeting to different parts of the town.

SONG. Citauro of lo essu 91

Tune, "Mulberry Tree."

THE great Reformation, approaching, we hail!
'Gainst statesmen and priests truth and reason prevail
Triumphant the planters of Liberty, see!
Preparing the soil of the globe for the tree.

CHORUS.

All shall yield to Farepom's fair tree,

Bend to thee

Blest Liberty!

Heroes are they, now planting thee,

And all their great names immortal shall be?

Away with the splendour and pomp of a court.

Our toil shall no longer the baubles support,

No longer the slaves of a statesman and king,

Inspir'd by the Muses of Freedom we sing.

All shall yield, &c.

Ye Britions, for courage in battle renoun'd
For freedom and riches—Alas, empty found!
Triumphant ye came from the field and the main,
To be conquered and plundered by statesmen again.
Then repair to, &c.

Ye trees of corruption in courts ye abound,
The fruits ye produce are a curse to the ground,
In the soil where ye slourish no others can grow,
But now see the axe at your roots aim the blow.
All shall yield, &c.

May Heav'n guard THE PROPLE and armies of France
And crush all their foes wher-ever they advance;
An end to the councils of traitors combin'd
The downfall of tyrants—and peace to mankind!
All shall yield, &c.

How great in the ages to come and how dear,
Your names, and your conquests great heroes will
Tappear?

With rapture they'll read, and your actions review.
While under the shade of the tree raised by you!

which is a transfer of the second and or

Para and Arman De and an

- Judala Mais contragil as

All shall yield to FREEDOM's fair tree.

Bend to thee

Blest Libery!

Here are they, now planting thee, And all their great names immortal shall be !

SONG.

MARSEILLES MARCH.

SUNG BY THE MARSEILLOIS GOING TO BATTLE.

BY GENERAL KELLERMAN'S ARMY

THE WALL THE STATE OF THE STATE

THE DIFFERFNT THEATRES IN PARIS

YE fons of France, awake to glory,
Hark! hark! what myriads bid you rife!
Your children, wives, and grandfires hoary;
Behold their tears and hear their cries!
Shall hateful tyrants, mischief breeding,
With hireling host, a rustian band,
Affright and desolate the land,
While Peace and Liberty lie bleeding!

CHROUS.

To arms, to arms ye brave!

Th'avenging fword unsheath,

March on, march on, all hearts resolv'd

On victory or death!

Now, now, the dang'ruos storm is rolling,
Which treach'rous Kings, confedrate, raise;
The dogs of war let loose are howling,
And lot our fields and cities blaze;

And shall we basely view the ruin,

While lawless Force, with guilty stride;

Spreads desolation far and wide,

With crimes and blood his hands embruing;

To arms, ye brave, &c.

While hixury and pride furrounded,
The vile infatiate despots dare,
Their thirst of power and gold unbounded,
To meet and vend the light and air;
Like beasts of burden would they load us,
Like gods, would bid their slaves adore;
But man is man, and who is more?
Then shall they longer lash and goad us?
To arms, ye brave, &c.

O Liberty! can men refign thee,
Once having felt thy gen rous flame?
Can dungeons, bolts, and bars, confine thee,
Or whips thy noble spirit tame?
Too long the world has wept, bewailing
That falsehoods dagger tyrants wield;
But freedom is our sword and shield,
And all their arts are unavailing.

CHORUS,

To arms, to arms, ye brave!
Th'avenging fword unsheath.
March on, march on, all hearts resolv'd
On victory or death!

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*S O N G.

SUNG BY MR. DIGNUM,

ATTHE

Anniversary of the Revolution of 1683.
Held at the LONDON TAVERN NOV. 1792.

Tune-"The tear that bedews Senfibility's Shrine."

UNFOLD, Father, Time, thy long records unfold Of noble atchie vements accomplished of old; When men by the standard of Liberty led, Undauntedly conquer'd, or chearfully bled: But now 'midst the triumphs these moments reveal, Their glories all sade, and their lustre turns pale: While France rises up, and proclaims the decree, That tears off their chains, and bids millions be free.

As spring to the fields or as dew to the flowers:

To the earth parch'd with heat, as the soft dropping showers,

As health to the wretch that lyes languid and wan, Or rest to the weary—is Freedom to man: Where Freedom the light of her countenance gives, There only He, triumphs, there only he lives; Then seize the glad moment, and I ail the decre, That tears off their chains, and bide milious be free.

Too long had oppression and terror entwin'd,
Those tyrant form'd chains that enslav'd the free mind
While dark Superstition with Nature at strife,
For ages had lock'd up the fountains of life,
But the dæmon is sled, the delusion is past,
And Reason and Virtue have triumph'd at last;
Then seize the glad moment, and hair the decree,
That tears off their chains, and bids millions be free.

France, we share in the rapture thy bosom that fills, While the Genius of Liberty bounds o'er thine hills; Redundant henceforth may thy purple juice flow, Prouder wave thy green woods, and thine olive trees I grow

While the hand of philosophy long shall entwine, Blest emblem, the laurel, the myrtle and vine: And Heaven thro' all ages confirms the decree, That tears off their chains, and bids millions be free.

*SONG.

SUNG AT THE

Anniversary of the Revolution of 1668.

Held at the London Tavern, Nov. 5 1792.

SEE! bright Liberty descending,
O'er the verdant hills and plains:
And bold Gallia, nobly sending,
FREEDOM to the slaves in chains.

See! fell tyranny defeated;

By each bold and patriot band,

May their triumphs be repeated,

O'er oppression's iron hand.

Oh! may we partake the rapture,
Which triumphant patriots feel;
May they ev'ry tyrant capture,
Who attacks the commonweal.

May the cause which they're protecting,
Spread thro' every state and clime;
That men on their rights reslecting,
REVOLUTIONS well may time.

By false arguments deceiv'd.

Startle at a reformation,

When their country is aggriev'd.

But as human institutions,

Are by nature prone to change;

Let succeeding revolutions,

Wife and equal laws arrange.

Thus fecured shall future ages,
Who may celebrate this day;
Say "no more wild discord rages,
Truth and Reason bear the sway.

THE PORTERS' GOSSIP.

OR AN

IRISH DEFENCE of the BRITISH GOVERNMENT.

By 7. WALKER.

RECITATIVE.

AT alehouse door, where weary porters stop, To pitch their loads and take a chearing drop, Jenkin and Patrick once together met, Their business was the same, to rest and wet; Beer sharpen'd wit, and glibly run their gab; What follows is a sketch of their confab.

AIR BY JENKING HALL

Cot pless hur, what pulle and rout:

Come tell hur, coot frient, if you can,
What all that creat pook is apout,
Which hur thinks they call Paine's Rights of Man!

They tell hur fuch wonderful things,

A Welchman's as goot as a LORT:

There's no more occasion for kings

Than hur crantmoter hat for a fwort.

And princes, tukes, Intans, and placks.

Are the fame plood and pody as we;

The poor shall not pay so much tax,

But that all hase a right to be free.

RECITATIVE.

Now Paddy had perus'd the Rights of Man, So hitched his breeches up, and thus began:

AIR, BY PADDY.

Blood an'ouns, Master Jenkin, I'm now after thinking.
You're not quite the thing in your nob,
Why Paine's bodderation-drives mad half the nation,

He'll one day repent his wild gob.

Can you call that mad patter of his, Common Sense, Where he says, we're the same slesh & blood as a prince

Arra, who can believe such queer nonsense as this,

No, Jenkin, its cruel---But hear me, my jewel,
I'll engage I'll tell what the rights of an English
[man is.

But this ne'er enter'd your nob,

If it had, you wou'd never complain;

Whisht! whisht, hububoo, hold your gob,

Whisht, whisht, hububoo, filililoo,

To be fure a big roque is Tom Paine,

Now you know my dear cr'ature, a king has by nature

A head nicely fitted to rule;

And his children for ever--must be mighty clever, For how should a king get a fool?

Then there's lords, and there's dukes, and there's Fearls and what not. *Caze they're rich, they're as wife as the devil knows Twhat. Arra, Jenkin, you know they can't live on the air, So we tip them a pension, the sum's not worth mention Poor cr'atures for what is 4, 5, or 6000 a year. But this never enter'd, &c. A million a year, for a monarch my deat, Is not quite three thousand a day. What he has to do fir, is nothing to you fir, Don't bodder your noddle then pray. For a minister's whim, 'tis an Englishman's right, To be press'd from his wife and his children --- to fight, While placemen are lolling at eafe on the fod, While foldiers are tramping, in dangers encamping Devil help'em, fure fixpence a day is enough for Ta fwad. But that never enter'd, &c. You may think it alarming, my foul there's no harm in, A game at gunpowder and lead; If your king pick the quarrel, why you'll wear the That is, if you bring back your head! You know my dear cr'ature, your brother's your foe And his throat you must cut, if your king tells you so, What tho' he ne'er gave you a word of offence, He-goes to perdition, for statesmen's ambition;

What matter? yet Paine won't allow this to be [Common Sense, But this never enter'd, &c.

And the great bodderation—he makes on taxation, 'Tis all my dear Peter-my-knife:

Sure you know are all LUXURIES of life;

And the tax upon coals, could not Richmond support Did we not make it up with some places at court.

Death an'ouns, we will starve to maintain their Fexpence,

And live, my dear cra'tures—on herrings and praties, By my foul tho' you'll never bear this, while we have common fense.

That's the book that's been cramming your nob;
You'll never hear paddy complain;
Whisht, wisht, bububoo, hold your gob,
Whisht, whisht, hububoo, fillilliloo,
To be sure a big rogue is Tom Paine.

SONG.

Tune, "The Topfails shiver in the Wind."

In times of yore, when heroes fought,
And cities stream'd with blood,
The bards to better strains untaught,
Sang of the crimson slood.

Far nobler themes my muse invite,
Then e'er inspir'd these sons of night.

While despots bore the sway,

Now deigns to visit man again.

Reveal'd thro' TRUTH's bright ray.;
Hence then ye poets, join to praise
FREEDOM in your immortal lays.

And first, that brave unrivall'd chief,
Who did her cause maintain,
Whose work evinc'd in every leaf,
Their godlike author PAINE.
While gratitude inspires your song,
To him your warmest thanks belong.

A bolder champion to engage
Falshood had never found;
Resplendent Truth illum'd each page,
And slash'd conviction round.
Soon as this mighty work began,
All nature echo'd, "Rights or Man!"

America had caught the flame,
And fcorn'd fubmission base;
To laws unjust, no longer tame,
She bow'd her manly race;
But independence long had rear'd,
And neither slaves nor monarks fear'd.

To Gallia's shore the influence spread,
Her num 'rous sons arose,
By liberty and reason led,
They found and crush'd their soes.
High sounding titles down they cry,
And make their lordly owners sly.

Surrounding kings unite to go
Against this favour'd place;
For monarchy now felt a blow,
Which shook her firmest base.
Armies combine, France to attack,
But God and nature drove them back.

Fain would the muse now take her slight,
And sing Britania free;
That sacred Isle, where once so bright,
Reign'd heav'n born LIBERTY.
But ah! how fall'n yet soon she'll rise,
And proudly claim her native skies.

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Amide celiverti palpris donal drii access te tribus of a bulknis ave

How and The Blanco He wild transfellant

COMPARISON.

KIND Heav'n, we read, in days of yore, Had mercy on the town of Zoar,

To fave one RIGHTEOUS man;
To prop one SCEPTRED FOOL in France,
BRAVADO BRUNSWICK wields his lance;
He fwears by all the powers of hell,
To flay and plunder—dire to tell!

A nation—IF he can,
But, lo! the fons of freedom rofe,
And pull'd the BULLY by the nofe—
He turn'd about and RAN!

*STANZAS.

TOTHE

CITIZEN GENERAL DUMOURIER.

HERALD of Freedom to the fertile plains,
For ages spoil'd by Austria's tyrants sway,
Amidst deliver'd Belgia's choral strains,
Accept the tribute of a Briton's lay;
Till some rapt poet build the losty rhime,
That bears thy well-earn'd glory down the tide of time

Champion of France, yet not to France confin'd Awaking Europe hails her patirot son, 'Tis thine to combat for oppress'd mankind, And shake, in ev'ery clime, a lawless throne. From Gallia's shores shall Freedom's triumph sound. To the new world the frantic Grecian never sound.

n vain ambition fir'd his eager youth,

For flaughter'd nations prov'd no birth divine,

Tho'flattery mock'd the folemn stile of truth,

And genious brought her gift to fortune's shrine.

Lur'd by the glare she grac'd a worthless name,

And deck'd a prosp'rous robber with the wreaths of

[fame.

So, oft emblazon'd in the classic page,
Has Latin valour gain'd the Muse's praise,
Yet calmly view'd in time's maturer age,
Rome's patriot virtue shines with feeble rays;
Virtue that never knew for man to glow;
But dragg'd in haughty triumph ev'n a suppliant foe

Nor abject thus did Belgia's sons appear, To swell the triumphs the glad people throng, Of freedom's equal laws with transport hear,

And shout to fav'ring Heav'n one grateful song. In that blest hour what joys 'twere thine to know,' Reason's pure joys, that plunder'd worlds could ne'er [bestow.

J. T. R.

TO BRITIAN,

1766. The said of the

Regard thy welfare with a watchful eye!

Whene'er the weight of WANT's afflicting hand,

Wakes in thy vales the poor's persuasive cry.

When wealth ENORMOUS sets the oppressor high,
When BRIRES thy ducitle senators command,
And slaves in office freemen's RIGHTS withstand,
THEN MOURN! for then thy sate approacheth nigh!

Nor from perfidious Gaul or haughty Spain,
Nor all the neighbouring nations of the main;
Tho'leagu'd in war, tremendious round thy shore—
But from THYSELF, thy ruin must proceed:
Nor boast thy power; for now it is decreed,
Thy freedom lost, thy power shall be no more.

ODE to the DRUM.

HATE that drum's discordant sound,
Parading round, and round, and round;
To thoughtless youth it pleasure yeilds,
And lures from cities and from fields.

To fell their Liberty for charms
Of tawdry lace, and glitt'ring arms;
And when ambition's voice commands,
To march and fight, and fall in foreign lands.

I hate that drum's discordant sound,
Parading round, and round, and round,
To me it talks of ravag'd plains,
And burning towns, and ruined swains,
And mangled limbs, and dying groans,
And widows tears, and orphans moans.
And all that misery's hand bestows,
To swell the catalogue of human woes.

* To MANKIND.

AN ODE.

Is there, or do the schoolmen dream?

Is there on earth a power supreme,

The delegate of Heav'n?

To whom an uncontroul'd command,

In every realm, o'er seas and land,

By special grace is giv'n?

^{*} Dodfley's Poems, Vol. II.

Then say what signs this Goo proclaim?

Dwells he amidst the diamond's slame,

A throne his hallow'd shrine?

Alas! the pomp, the arm'd array

Want, Fear, and Impotence betray,

Strange proofs of power divine!!!

If service due from human kind, To men in slothful ease reclin'd,

Can form a sovereign's claim, Hail monarchs! ye whom Heav'n ordains, Our toils unshar'd --- to share our gains,

YE IDEOTS BLIND, and LAME!

Superior virtue, wisdom, might, Create and mark the ruler's right,

So Reason must conclude——
Then thine it is, to whom belong,
The wife, the virtuous, and the strong,

THRICE *SACRED MULITUDE!

In thee, vast ALL! are these contain'd, For these are those, thy parts ordain'd,

So Nature's lystems roll:

The sceptre's thine, if such there be,

If none there is—then thou art FREE.

Great MONARCH! MIGHTY WHOLE!

^{*}How different the fentiments of this patriotic and virtuous Author, to those of that apostate courtier, who has dared, in the full spirit of his impudence, to call the majority and support of the nation a "swinish multitude"

Let the proud tyrant rest his cause.

On faith, prescription, force, or laws,

An host's or senate's voice,

His voice affirms thy stronger due,

Who for the many made the sew,

And gave the species choice.

Unfanctify'd by thy command,
Unown'd by thee, the scepter'd hand,
The TREMBLING SLAVE may bind,
But loose from nature's moral ties,
The oath by force impos'd, belies
The unaffenting mind.

THY WILL's thy rule, thy good its end,
You puinsh only to defend
What parent Nature gave;
And he who dare her gifts invade,
By nature's oldest law is made,
Thy victim or thy slave.

Thus reason sounds the just decree, On universal liberty,

Not private rights refign'd:
Through various nature's wide extent,
No private beings e'er were meant,
To hurt the gen'ral kind.

Avails it thee, if one devours,

Or leffer spoters fhare his powrs,

While BOTH thy claim oppose?

Monsters who wore thy fully'd crown,

Tyrants* who pull'd those monsters down,

Alike to thee were foes!

Far other shone fair Freedom's band,

Far other was th' immortal stand,

When Hampden sought for thee;

They snatch'd from Rapine's gripe thy spoils,

The fruits and prize of glorious toils,

Of arts and industry.

The foes, a frontless band, invade;
Thy friends afford a timid aid,
And yield up half thy right;
Ev'n Locks, beams forth a mingled ray,
Afraid to pour the flood of day,
On man's too feeble fight;

No rayva sa sasses car wor may

^{*}This is, perhaps more than an oblique glance at Gromwell, the Protector, and some of his bloody banditti, who is appears brought Charles to the block only with a view to inherit his tyranny, and refused the regal honours merely to avoid suspicion.—perhaps I am mistaken.—they had a generation of sigers to grapple with.

O! shall the bought, and buying tribe,
The slaves who take and deal the bribe,
A people's claims enjoy!
So Indian murd'rers hope to gain,
The pow'rs and virtues of the slain,
Of wretches they destroy.

- " Avert it Heav'n! you love the brave,
- "You hate the trech rous willing slave,
 "The felf devoted head;
- " Nor shall an hireling's voice convey,
- "That facred prize to lawless sway,
 "For which a nation bled."

What com with that G. N. O. N. G. until the event deep

When a brave nation week as exer.

and supromifor THE longer association of

ANNIVERSARY of the REVOLUTION.

By G. D Y E R,

Tune, "Rule Britannia,"

HEN beating tempests waste the plains,.

And lightnings cleave the angry sky,

Porrow invades the anxious swains,

And trembling nymphs to shelter sly.

CHORUS.

But should the sun, the sun, illume the skies, They catch his beams with grateful eyes.

When bigot zeal a nation rends,

And purple tyrants fill the throne; Beneath their yoke meek virtue bends.

And modelt truth is heard to groan;

But should the star, the star of Freedom rife, Calm'd are their sears, and hush'd their sighs.

When generous patriots, long oppress'd,

Decree to curb a monarch's pride;

And Freedom warms a NATION's breast.

Who shall the general ardour chide?

What can withstand, withstand the great decree,

When a brave nation WILL BE FREE.

Thus Greece repell'd her numerous foes,
Thus Britain curb'd a tuart's race,
Thus Gallia's fons to glory rose,
Heralds of Peace to suture days;

And thus shall all, shall all the nations rise, And shout their triumphs to the skies.

The wars of monarks thus decided,

Commerce shall bless each smiling land:

And man from man no more divided,

In peace shall live, a friendly band:

Tyrants shall fall, no more, no more to rife, Like glaring meteors of the skies.

Then blooming youths, and fages hoary,
Shall fing the deeds of ancient days;
And tender virgins learn the story,
And children lisp their grandsires praise.

Earth will be gay, be gay, and bright the skies. When Freedom's golding star shall rife!

SONG.

CA IRA.

TIS DANGEROUS to BAT,
'Tis DANGEROUS to MEET,
'Tis DANGEROUS to DRINK,
'Tis DANGEROUS to THINK.

Ca ira, ca ira: ca ira:

Tis dangerous to walk,

'Tis dangerous to TALK,

'Tis DANGEROUS to WRITE,

Tis dangerous to fight,

Ca ira, ca ira, ea iras

inreffice fedgives only out of the land,

Tis DANGEROUS to FEED, On Hall Harl Manney T

'Tis DANGEROUS to READ,

'Tis DANGEROUS to GIVE,

'Tis DANGERQUS to LIVE.

Caira, ca ira, ca ira,

colour police

'Tis DANGEROUS to VIEW,

Tis D'ANGEROUS to SUE,

Tis DANGEROUS to KNOW, and mabout 1 as 177

'Tis DANGEROUS to GO.

Ca ira, ca ira, ca ira,

SONG

Tune, " Hearts of Oak."

COME chear up my countrymen ne'er be difmay'd For Freedom her banners once more has display'd Be staunch for your Rights—Hark 'tis Liberty's call; For Freedom, dear Freedom, stand up one and all!

CHORUS.

adiationed if

With heart and with hand,
Swear firmly to stand;
Till Oppression is driven quite out of the land.

To redress all our wrongs, let Man's Rights be apply'd.
Truthand Justice they show, and by these we'll abide.
Luxurious Pomp, which brings Taxes and Woes,
No more we'll maintain with the sweat of our brows.

But with heart, &c.

The bold Rights of Manstruck such terror and sear,
That stern Proclamations in all parts appear;
But deter us they can't—for as friends we'll agree
The state to reform,—and we'll die or be free.

Then with heart, &c.

So much tribute we pay, that we fearcely can live;
For the light of the fun, what a rent do we give;
To be told" We are happy!"—"tis mere Gasconade;
For we're burden'd like saves, and like pack horses.

bliow observed need run But with heart, &c.

Then with heart, &c.

To conclude, Here's success to honest Tom PAINES
May he live to enjoy what he well does explain,
The just RIGHTS of MAN, may we never forget.
For they'll save Britain's friends from the bondage of
The property of the bondage of the

nelv Yave re roard'd.

CHROUS, CHO IN THE TO THE TOTAL

Swear firmly to stand,

Till Oppression is driven quite out of the land.

THE ORIGIN OF KINGS. A FRAGMENT.

WHEN Time was young, And Earth was clad in Nature's rudest garb, Dark tangled forests, defarts vast and drear, Whild heaths, and reedy lakes, and rushy fens; When fresh and vig'rous from th' Eternal hand, Man trod the rough domain; himself as rough; The bus'ness of his life to propagate, which are warden To draw nutrition, and to keep at bay Instinct's ferocious swarms; then the wide world Was but a huge estate, Heav'n the prime Lord, And all mankind his equal tenantry: No power was known, fave that which Nature owns-Paternal fway-Clad in the spoils of brutes, And unrestrain'd as is the mountain's blast, Dauntless and firm the sturdy savage roam'd, His family a state, himself a chief, it is the book of Water, wild fruits, and animal repairs, or sold visit. Compos,d his worldly good; with these in view. On the rough margin of some stream or lake, Begirt with matted brakes and forests tall,

He rear'd, with unskill'd hand, his wattled shed. Around him, nimble as the bounding roe, His naked offspring play'd. Time brought defires And from defires which to reprefs, was fin, Full many a progeny foon frolick'd round-Affection filial, fondness for the feat Of all their youthful gambols, and the dread Of climes less bounteous, fix'd him to the soil. The patriot fire now glimmer'd; fmaller tribes. Lur'd by the hopes of plenty, or induc'd By love of focial intercourle, pour'd in; And by their ardent youth were foon made one, Thus congregated man, and thus wild wastes, The haunts of shaggy tribes, were sprinkled o'er With many a human dwelling. Settled now. Man's wond'rous faculties began to fhoot. For Heav'n, who plac'd him midst this warring scene. Unarm'd and void of cov'ring, grve him pow'rs Superior far to all that brutes posses; Gave him by his own efforts to improve: Hence came the jav'lin, and the furry garb, And all that polith'd regions now enjoy. Each fire was flill the fov'reing of his fhed, And all internal bick'rings might compose. But, when contention mongst these very fires, Uncheck,d by pow'r superior, rear'd his head, All then was wild confusion. Hence 'twas found. That man i'th' focial state lack'd more controul,

Than could from patriarchal rule proceed. But who might fay what this controul should be? At length this grand, yet simple point t' adjust 'Neath some huge tree, by general consent, (Girt with dearest relatives, who stood In mute amaze) the village Fathers met; And with bold action, metaphoric speech, And dauntless mien, pour'd fourth their honest souls. Twas genuine Nature all. A few strong laws The infant fenate fabricated foon, Which shew'd the fires all emulous of good; For each firong law, however rude, was fram'd As laws should e'er be fram'd, like yon bright orb To fied no PARTIAL influence. All were bound-All by the ties which they themselves had made, Where bound alike, and therefore all enjoy'd Man's dearest, noblest blessing-LIBERTY. As every family its chief posses'd, And as their various families might now Be deem'd but one; at the same time, perchance, To be their common Father, Guardian, Friend, And to enforce their EQUAL laws, some fire, For wisdom and for manly prowess fam'd, Was rais'd by free election bove the reft. And cloth'd whilft those who rais'd him should think With the fair robe of delegated power, Tmeet, Such was the Origin Kings. The wife elective magistrate; but now, Too oft, the weak hereditary fcourge

Of half a groaning world. With slender wing, Along the ever-rolling, stream of Time, Thus like a twittering swallow, have I swept, Touching on nought, save some protruding capes Too obvious to be miss'd; the earth's rude face. The natural state of man, his social days, And senates, laws, and regal rule how form'd. From these bold capes, to song but hittle known, The philosophic eye will clearly ken These simple truths which the wide world should know; That God made man, that man made Laws and Chiefs: But that nor God, nor man, ne'er form'd those rods, Call'd ARBITRARY KINGS.——

HUMAN DEBASEMENT.

If Kings were made by men, and that they were,
The light of Naure clearly shows,
How comes it then, that Earth is fill'd with slaves?
How comes it then; that man, this reasoning thing,
This being with such faculties endow'd,
This being form'd to trace the great First Cause,
Through many a wond'rous path; how comes it then

N early days,

H.

That he in every clime, should cringe, should crouch,

Should bend th' imploring eye, and trembling knee, To mere felf-rais'd Oppreffors -Heav'ns! to think That not a tithe of all the fons of men E'er kissd thy facred cup, O Liberty! To find where-er imagination roves, Millions on millions prostrate in the dust,"-Whilsto'ertheirnecks, with proud contemptuous mien Kings, Emperors, Sultans, Sophies, what you will, With all their pamper'd minions forely press, Grinding God's creatures to the yery bone. Yet man submits to all! he tamely licks The foot uprais'd to trample on his right: He shakes his chains, and in their horrid clank Finds inclody; elfe, why not throw em' off? Seven hundred millions of the human kind Are held in base subjection, and by whom? Why, strange to tell, and what futurity, As children at the tales of witch or spirit Will blefs themselves to hear, by a small troop Of weak capricious despots, fiends accurs'd, Who drench the earth with tides of human gore, And call the havock, GLORY! Britons, yes! Seven hundred millions of your fellow-men, All form'd like you the bleffing to enjoy, Now drag the fervile chain. Oh! fie upon't! Twere better far within the clay-cold cell To waste away than be at such a price!

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Poor whip-gall'd flaves. Oh! 'tis Debalement all! "Tis filthy cowardice, and shews that man Merits too oft by his degenerate deeds The yoke that bends him down. Power's limpid stream Must have its source within a people's heart: What flows not thence is turbid tyranny; Rank are the despots weeds which now o'er-run This ample world, and choke each goodly growth; But, that supine loud vaunting thing, call'd Man, Might foon eradicate fo foul a pest, Would he exert those powers which Godhas given To be the means of good; and what more good, More rational, nay, more approaching Heav'n, Than the ftrong joys which flow from Freedom's font You radiant orb, vast emblem of the Pow'r Who form'd him, beams alike on all mankind; The air, which like a mantle girts the world, Is to a common good; and even fo, With amplest bounty Liberty is given To man whate'er his tint; fwart, brown, or fair; Whate'er his clime, hot, cold, or temperate; Whate'er his mode of faith, whate'er his state,' Or rich, or poor, great Nature cries—BE FREE. How comes it then, that man neglects the call?

Nay like the callous felon, chuckles loud Amidst corroding chains? Can that Great Cause Who made man free, both mind and body free, And gave him reason as a sentinel To guard the glorious gift? can he be pleas'd To see his rich donation cast away, Or part with inattention, as not worth 'Th' acceptance, of his creatures? NO! my friends? Whate'er God gives, he gives, to be enjoy'd But not abus'd, and the mean wretch who 'neath' A tyrant's feet this precious jewel throws Spu rns the vast Power who plac'd it in his hands How comes it then, that minds are thus abas'd. That man, though Nature loudly calls, BE FREE: Has clos'd his ears against her, and become A mean, a grov'lling wretch! Why, thus it is, O Superstition! thou who point'st to man. And call'st the fragile piece a demi-god; Yes, thou who wand'rest o'er the world, array'd In pure Religion's mantle; thou whose breath Conveys those potent opiates to the brain Which brings on reason's sleep; O dark brown'd fiend All, all these works are thine!

*GLEE,

FOR THREE VOICES.

ARM, arm, the gen'rous Britons cry,
Let us live free or die.
Trumpets founding, banners flying,
Braving tyrants, chains defying.
Arm, arm, the gen'rons Britons cry,
Let us live free or die,
Liberty! Liberty!

LIBERTY FIRE.

LATENT long and undetected,
Lay this heav'nly fire electric:
FRANKLIN drew it from the skies,
Flashing TREEDOM in our eyes.
Through all nations now excited,
Fly the sparks of minds ignited;
Mighty batteries make discharge,
Bursting, thundering out at large.
Dire and dreadful seem'd the shock,
When the world began to rock—
Rock from both its fixed poles,
To-let loose our fetter'd souls.

^{*} From the Goldfinch sor gfter page 288.

Loose from despots and their minions, Loose from Priests and their opinions, All in Freedom's RING we join, Each repeating, FREEDOM'S MINE!

All Freedoms's heirs apparent,
Now we feel our rights inherent,
INDEFEASIABLE, DIVINE!
THESE O MANKIND, THESE ARE THINE!

Claim the birth-right (claim with spirit,)
Heaven gives you to inherit;
Touch'd by Heaven's etherial fire,
To your heavinly rights aspire.

Blow all ye winds! the rising slame: Let it be a fire of same, Blazing, rolling round the ball, Like the Sun rejoicing ALL!

Mons, Nov. 7. 1792.

POPULUS.

TOASTS and SENTIMENTS,

THE RIHTS OF MAN!!!

THE RIGHTS OF WOMAN!!!

THE MAJESTY OF THE PEOPLE!!!

The glorious Revolution of 1688.

The Revolution of France.

May all the invaders of Freeman's Rights dine with the wooden horse of Thionville.

John Horne Tooke, and may the Representation of this country soon consist of such patriotic characters.

The departed Principles of Pitt and Richmond.

May no foe to Liberty wear a red coat, or be entrusted with arms.

May the Tree of Liberty flourish in every region of the Globe, and every human being partake of its fruit.

May the Rights of Conscience be universally supported by Common Sense, and may its enemies be led captive, by the Proclamations of PAINE.

May Juries ever exercise their authority in favour of Liberty.

May unjust power be opposed by all the friends of just.

Govereinment.

The Sovereignty of the People, acting by an equal Representation.

May People no longer confide in apostacy or lukewarmness, But rely on their own exertions for a Parliamen tary Reform. May all Governments be those of the Laws, and alk Laws those of the People.

May the armies of all Tyrants learn the Brunswick march. Success to the labours of the National Convention of France.

May Revolutions never cease while Tyranny exists. Success to all innovations that leads to Reformation.

General Washington and the United States of America.

That Government which prefers armed Citizens to armed Slaves.

May the Tree of Liberty be planted in the city of every Tyrant and may it be an evergreen.

The Friends of Freedom in Ireland.

Perpetual union between Great-Britain, Ireland, France and America.

The Liberty of the Preis, to which the people are indebted for all Revolutions:

The movers and supporters of the Libel Bill.

The cause for which HAMPDEN bled in the field, and Synney on the featfold.

May the exertions of the people during the reigns of JOHN, CHARLES, and JAMES, never be forgotten by their descendants.

A speedy abolition of the Slave Trade.

Complete liberty, and no toleration.

The equal rights of the people of Ireland.

May a foldier's proudest title be that of a free citizen.

Judge BLACKSTONE's aphorism-National militia, and no seperate camps, no in land fortresses, no barracks,

The memory of Dr. Price.

May capacity and zeal for public fervice be the only tells of Citizens.

The memory of the noblest of all the Howards.

Those writers who have distinguished themselves in the cause of Freedom.

The rights of Juries.

The memory of Dr. JEBB, and may his maxim that no effort will be lost, be the motto of all reformers.

The new way of advertifing good books by proclamation

May Liberty and Commerce unite the countries which despotism and war have divided.

May all efforts to check Freedom of discussion defeat them selves.

The armies of the free Citizens of France,

The brave defenders of Liste and Thionville.

May the new Constitution of France be the most perfect that human wisdom can frame, and a model to all enslaved Nations.

The Societies of Great Britain, affociated in the cause of Liberty.

The memory of MILTON, MARVELLS, LUDLOW, and LOCKE

The female patriots of Great Britain.

The patriotic Societies in France.

The supporters of Liberty in all parts of the world.

Volunteer crews, and no press gangs.

A speedy abolition to the game laws.

The unfettered supremacy of the People.

Addition to our friends—Subtraction to our foes—Multiplication to our rights—and Division to the enemies of Freedom,

Champaign to our friends and Thomas Paine to our foes.

May the plants of Liberty check the weed of despotism.

May the Laurels wither on the warriors brow, when he betrays Liberty.

The man who dares be honest in the worst of Times.

May an Honest Labourer, be more respected than & Swindling Prince.

Priesthood without Priestcrast—Religion without Bigotry—Piety without Superstition—and Patriotism without.

Party.

FREE DOM to the WHOLE WORLD!!!

THE END ..

STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PA

I N D E X.

Those mark'd thus (*) are by other Authors.

A wicked Scotchman now resides					p age
A wicked Scotchman now resides Assembled in our country's cause *At alebouse dooor, where weary porters stop *Arm, arm the generous Britons cry Break out in lamentation Comparison Come let us prepare *Come chear up Countrymen Enquirer and his echo Farewell to Scotland's barren ground God save the Rights of Man He comes the great reformer comes I saw, but O I surely dream'd *In times of Yore Long live our gracious king Latent, long and undetected No longer lost in shades of night Our fathers left a race of kings *Ode to the drum *Ode to mankind *Ode to mankind **In times of Yore **Ode to mankind **Ode to mankind **Table Scotchman is a say the say	POSTATE, give over your eloquence,	pr	ay		14
*Assembled in our country's cause - 54 *At alebouse dooor, where aweary porters stop - 64 *Arm, arm the generous Britons cry - 89 Break out in lamentation - 37 Comparison - 70 Come let us prepare - 34 *Come chear up Countrymen - 80 Enquirer and his echo - 46 Farewell to Scotland's barren ground - 17 God save the Rights of Man - 9 He comes the great reformer comes - 32 I saw, but O I surely dream'd - 24 *In times of Yore - 63 Long live our gracious king - 49 Latent, long and undetected - 89 No longer lost in shades of night - 52 Our fathers left a race of kings - 26 *Ode to the drum - 72 *Ode to mankind - 73	A wicked Scotchman now relides		_		
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